

TEUTONS MASS INFANTRY IN VAIN ATTEMPTS TO OVERWHELM

Crown Prince Sends Thousands To Slaughter Before Hail of Bullets From Britons Whose Defense Is Impregnable

DEAD AND WOUNDED LEFT LYING ON BLOODY FIELD

Italians Are Aided By Snow and Cold In Their Defense of Mountain Passes and Austro-German Losses Continue Large

NEW YORK, December 13—(Associated Press)—Advancing in wave after wave of massed infantry the Germans yesterday attempted by sheer force of numbers to overwhelm British troops holding the elbow of the British line where it turns towards the north between Bullecourt and Queant, the blow being struck at a point some ten miles west of Cambrai. The effort proved to be a ghastly failure, the Germans being unable to face the sleet of bullets poured into them and in no instance reaching closer to the British trenches than five hundred yards.

The attack was made by Bavarian regiments, regarded as the best on the western front, and was preceded by a concentrated artillery bombardment of the British positions. It was launched at dawn and maintained throughout the greater part of the morning, the Bavarians reforming after each repulse and returning to the attack.

General Haig officially reports that the attempt of Crown Prince Rupprecht was a complete failure, the Germans being compelled to retire from the field and leave their dead and wounded behind. The British opposition was staunch and the fire of the rifle and machine gunners was maintained so steadily that nothing could face it. The men in the front line trenches were materially helped in checking the assault by the fire of the British artillerymen, thousands of shells bursting over and in the Bavarian ranks, carrying death to very many.

OFFENSE CONTINUES
Notwithstanding this repulse and the failures of the past several days, the Germans are continuing on the offensive along practically the whole of the western front, carrying on an intense bombardment of the British and French lines.

Daily reinforcements of men and guns are pouring into the German positions, drawn mainly from Russia, and these fresh troops are being used to keep up a constant pressure upon the men of the entente. The plan of the German general staff to retain the offensive if possible along the western line, in the hope of securing some decided advantage, is evident.

Another bloody failure for Teutonic arms is reported in the despatches from Rome, which record the repulse of the Austrians to break through on the Lower Piave front, where they had been attacking since Tuesday morning.

It is now snowing heavily along the Northern Italy line and this has brought the fighting almost to an end along the greater portion of this front. With the coming of the snow and the blocking of the passes through which the Austrian and German lines of communication pass, the difficulties of the Austro-Germans will increase. If the Italians can hold, the situation of the invaders may become desperate before many weeks have passed.

Holy Spots of Jerusalem to Be Protected

General Allenby Enters City and Is Received With Warm Welcome by Entire Population; Issues Orders For Preservation

LONDON, December 13—(Associated Press)—General Allenby, in command of the British forces in Palestine, yesterday formally entered Jerusalem and took over the military possession of the city. He was warmly greeted by the citizens, who lined the route of the British column and cheered the British commander.

General Allenby issued a proclamation in which he stated that the various holy structures would be given adequate protection and would be maintained properly.

The main British army has passed on to the northeast and is continuing a series of successful operations. Several additional important positions have been occupied.

WEEK'S SHIP LOSS RUNS UP TO AVERAGE

Britons Lose Twenty-one and Italians Five

LONDON, December 13—(Associated Press)—Submarine losses during last week, as announced by the admiralty, show a total of twenty-one vessels, about the average of the past three months. Of the ships sunk, fourteen were over sixteen hundred tons and seven below that tonnage.

Rome reports for the week the loss of five Italian ships, one above fifteen hundred tons, one steamer of smaller tonnage and three small sailing craft.

ALLIES' LOSSES OF AIR CRAFT LARGE

Exceed Those of Germans By Six To One In Month

BERLIN, December 13—(Associated Press)—Entente aircraft losses during the month of November were nearly four times those of the Germans, according to a statement issued yesterday by the general staff. The figures of losses announced are:

By the Entente—twenty-two balloons and two hundred and five airplanes.
By the Germans—six balloons and sixty airplanes.

EMBARGO CUTS DOWN EXPORTS TO NEUTRALS

Northern Europe Gets Less Than a Quarter As Much As Before

WASHINGTON, December 13—(Associated Press)—As a direct result of the embargo upon goods for export to the neutral nations of Northern Europe without assurance that such goods should not be permitted to reach the enemy, exports in the month of October fell off nearly \$25,000,000 from the same month last year.

In October 1916 goods to the value of \$30,385,721 were sent to Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Holland. Last October the exports came to \$7,772,836.

It is believed that in this way millions of dollars of foodstuffs and supplies which Germany urgently needs have been kept from reaching it.

SENATORS TO PROBE SHORTAGE ON NEEDS

WASHINGTON, December 12—(Associated Press)—The senate subcommittee which will investigate the sugar and coal shortage situation was named today. It consists of Senators Vardaman, of Mississippi, Reed of Missouri, Jones of New Mexico, Lodge of Massachusetts and Kenyon of Iowa. The committee will first investigate the coal situation.

Vast War Program Goes Forward With Great Speed

Reports Rendered To Military Committee of Senate Show That Progress Is More Rapid Than Had Been Hoped For

WASHINGTON, December 12—(Associated Press)—Outlines of the tremendous war problems on which the nation is already far advanced was given today during the course of the senate military affairs committee's investigations of war department activities.

General William Crozier, chief of the ordnance bureau, told the committee that his bureau is compressing into one year the program which normally would cover five years. He said that manufacturers of ordnance are unwilling to anticipate congress in involving themselves in great manufacturing contracts for which funds are not yet available, but said that by summer everything needed will have been provided the American armies. He also declared that the army abroad is not short of armament, and that the situation in the United States is improving.

Fill Demands at Once
Another phase of the activity in carrying out the great war program came today when the navy department issued orders to its bureaus that the requisitions and requests of Admiral Sims for supplies for the American fleet abroad should be filled on the day they are received, unless there are insurmountable obstacles to this.

The war department has issued a similar order concerning the requests of General Pershing.

Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the committee emphasized that the investigation is for constructive purposes.

Railroad Situation
The railroads of the country are declaring their staunch support to the nation to solve the traffic problems. The war board of the railroads has pledged its cooperation with President Wilson either for government control or for a continuance of private control. The war board recommends that there be appointed a federal director-general to coordinate the rail traffic of the entire country, to handle the priority shipments and to avoid conflicting orders and congestion of traffic.

Representatives of the railroad brotherhoods will confer with the president tomorrow. It is understood that they will oppose the plan of government control.

CONGRESSMAN DIRECTS SHELL AT AUSTRIANS

ITALIAN HEADQUARTERS, Northern Front, December 12—(Associated Press)—To Congressman George H. Tinkham of Boston belongs the credit for firing the first American shot against Austria.

Representative Tinkham, who is visiting on the Italian front, officiated at the firing of a 149 millimeter gun on the Lower Piave line today. The Italians who were conducting the party, and who had invited him to fire the gun, cheered as Tinkham sent the missile in the direction of an Austrian position.

SELF-DEFENSE IS PLEADED BY LEWIS

Alleges Used Knife Only After He Was Attacked—Woman Involved In Affair

Following a preliminary hearing before Judge Irwin in the police court yesterday, Pvt. E. Lewis D. Company, Twenty-fifth Infantry, who is charged with assaulting Harry Wilson and Thomas Kahoe on the night of December 2 last, was committed to the circuit court for trial. Bail was fixed at \$1000.

Lewis made a statement on oath yesterday claiming that he had used a knife merely in self-defense. He said he had been attacked by the two Hawaiian boys, one of whom, he alleges, fired two shots at him from a revolver. Kahoe admitted he had fired a shot at Lewis, but claimed that he had first been attacked and was forced to use his revolver in self-defense. Wilson bore out, in part, the testimony of Kahoe, himself, stating that he had run to the help of Kahoe after Lewis' alleged attack.

Woman in Case
The knifing was precipitated, according to the evidence adduced, by reason of the fact that Kahoe's wife was living with Lewis. The defendant claimed that Mrs. Kahoe came to him because her husband had ill-treated her. Lewis testified that he had bought her clothes and given her everything else she needed.

Wilson and Kahoe, who were severely injured in the cutting, are making rapid strides in recovery. Lewis' wounds, which consisted of slight cuts on one hand, have completely healed.

WOULD-BE VOLUNTEERS MUST WAIT FOR DRAFT

WASHINGTON, December 12—(Associated Press)—It was announced at the war department today that men registered for the draft will not be allowed to enlist in the army, thus escaping the draft, unless it is impossible they will be drawn. Enlistments yesterday totaled 9499.

NEW REVOLUTION IN RUSSIA IS GAINING HEADWAY RAPIDLY

Cossacks Who Support the Kaledin-Korniloff Counter Movement Are Successful

AT LEAST TWO BATTLES WON FROM THE RADICALS

Petrograd Government Continues Its Anarchistic Policies By Dismissing Judges

LONDON, December 13—(Associated Press)—Under the leadership of Kaledin and Korniloff the counter revolution in Russia is gaining strength and achieving military successes against the forces that are controlled by the Bolshevik-Vikhi-Maximalist government at Petrograd. The Cossack forces of the counter revolutionists have met and defeated the Bolshevik-Vikhi forces in at least two engagements. One of these occurred at Tannanovka and the other at Mchiv.

The counter revolutionists have large stores of gold which were removed from Petrograd, some in the early days of the revolution and some when it became evident that the ultra-radical element would secure control in Petrograd and Moscow. They also hold a section of the country where supplies are more readily obtainable and the Cossacks are better fed and equipped than the supporters of the older revolution. Korniloff is popular with them and is drawing other soldiers to his standard.

Forces Disintegrate
Reports say that a large number of Russian troops have demobilized and are to name a president and the Korniloff-Kaledin influence is falling apart.

Petrograd despatches yesterday showed radicalism pushed to further limits. These despatches reported Premier Trotsky, heading the Bolshevik-Socialist cabinet now nominally in control of the Russian government, has issued a proclamation decreeing the dismissal of all Russian ambassadors and their staffs abroad, because they have refused to renounce the Kerensky government.

The Bolsheviks have dispersed the highest courts and under their orders judges who object to the summary treatment are arrested.

The peasants are taking charge of the government by districts. Soldiers, peasants and workmen in each district are to name a president and six jurors, the latter of whom serve only one week.

Attorneys Ignore Orders
A number of advocates or attorneys have just concluded a convention which decided to ignore the plan for justice set up by the Bolsheviks.

Thirteen commissioners, to represent the Bolsheviks on all fronts, have started for the Brest-Litovsk line to renew the armistice negotiations.

They held a preliminary meeting to discuss the situation and it was tentatively agreed that Russia will fight to a finish unless terms of peace which are considered honorable are accepted by the Teutons.

EASTERN RAILROADS EMBARGO FREIGHTS

No Goods For Export Accepted Unless Consigned To United States Government

NEW YORK, December 13—(Associated Press)—Eastern railroads have declared a eastern embargo upon all freights for export except those under government consignment upon all lines reaching North Atlantic ports.

The freight congestion is heavy and available motive power is proving insufficient to move the cars crowded into interior shipping points. To help relieve this congestion, an order was issued from Washington yesterday to certain western lines to send one hundred locomotives east for the use of the eastern railroads.

COUNTRY DANCES MAY BE BANNED

There is every possibility that before a public dance can be held in country districts in the future a permit will have to be secured from the sheriff's department.

Sheriff Rose notified the board of supervisors last night that because of the increase in affairs that have taken place in various dance halls in the country districts, he had issued general orders to the deputy sheriffs to close whatever dance halls were being run within their jurisdiction.

"These dance halls," wrote the sheriff, "have been the source of considerable trouble taking place, not only in shooting and cutting affairs, but the women of the underworld have been using them as a means to ply their trade."

He requested that the board of supervisors refrain from issuing licenses for dance halls of this nature until approval is referred to him for approval. The communication from Rose was referred to the dance halls committee of the board.

BONAR LAW TELLS HOW MUCH WAR COSTS DAILY

LONDON, December 12—(Associated Press)—In introducing today a vote for new credits in the house of commons, Bonar Law said that the average daily expenditure by the British government is \$6,794,000.

CUBA PREPARES TO DECLARE WAR UPON AUSTRIANS

President Sends Message To Congress and Lower House Passes Resolution Which Is Sent To Senate For Action

HAVANA, Cuba, December 13—(Associated Press)—A special message by President Menocal calling for a declaration of war upon Austria, thus following the lead of the United States, was read in the Cuban house of representatives yesterday, being immediately followed by the introduction of a resolution declaring the existence of a state of war. This resolution passed by a unanimous vote in the house and has been forwarded to the senate for action today.

GERMAN FINANCING OF PLOT IS SHOWN

Witnesses For Prosecution Give Important Testimony In India Conspiracy Case

SAN FRANCISCO, December 13—(Associated Press)—How Germany helped to finance the abortive India revolt was told on the witness stand here this afternoon by William Wilms, a lumberman and a witness for the prosecution. He testified that Baron Kurt von Reizwitz, acting consul-general at Chicago, had borrowed \$40,000 and sent it to Manila, ostensibly to buy antiques there. The prosecution charges that Hindu plotters got it.

A memorandum by Wolf von Igel, German agent, was introduced, showing that \$5000 had been paid to Dhiraeda Nath Sarkar, one of the Hindu defendants.

Several revelations as to the connection between the India conspiracy and the activities of the German government have come out on the witness stand involving former Foreign Minister Zimmermann of Berlin.

John Gregurevich, agent for the department of justice, in testimony for the government yesterday identified a message from Zimmermann to Wolf von Igel, German agent later arrested in the United States, advising future Hindu affairs be handled by a committee of Hindus. This committee, according to Zimmermann's advice, was to include Chandra Kanta Chakraverty, or Chakraverty and Dhiraeda Nath Sarkar, both of whom are defendants in the present trial, and Haramba Lal Gupta, who figured in the Chicago case.

The conspirators are alleged to have held a meeting in San Francisco on August 1, 1914, when it was planned that some should go to India. Lal Gupta is alleged to have gone to Japan in 1915 and later to have been expelled by the Japanese. Other testimony along the same line is being introduced.

Little Girl Killed, Police Say, By Speed Fiend

Five-Year-Old Leimomi Kekaha Crushed To Death By Rushing Juggernaut That Is Reported To Have Been Breaking City Ordinance

Leimomi Kekaha, a five-year-old Hawaiian girl, died at the emergency hospital yesterday morning from injuries received by being struck by an automobile on King Street, near Desha Lane, shortly before ten o'clock. Charles Hubert, owner of an automobile, clanked on Twile Road, who was driving the machine which struck the girl, has been arrested and charged with manslaughter.

At the time of the accident, Hubert was coming towards the city and, according to eye witnesses, was traveling at a high rate of speed; probably fifty miles an hour.

Not noticing the approaching car, the girl is said to have run into the street, and before she could avoid the machine, was knocked down. Marks on the street indicate that Hubert's car skidded a distance of nearly thirty-eight feet after the brakes had been applied.

An investigation into the accident was conducted by Inspector Bob Lillis and Motorcycle Officer Ferrer yesterday morning. Hubert's car, he says, was driven down King Street at twenty-five miles an hour, and when Lillis applied the emergency and foot brakes the machine skidded thirty-seven feet, eight inches before stopping. By computing these figures Lillis claims that Hubert must have been traveling at over thirty miles an hour when the accident occurred.

NO PLACE FOR SLACKERS

MELBOURNE, December 12—(Associated Press)—The government has prohibited the employment in civil occupations of subjects of allied countries who are of military age.

IDAHO IS SHAKEN

IDAHO FALLS, Idaho, December 12—(Associated Press)—Distinct earthquake tremors were felt here today but no damage was done.

Burn Effigy of LaFollette In Wisconsin

Students of University Where He Was Educated and Where He Has Been Hero Show Disapproval of Course In Senate

MADISON, Wisconsin, December 13—(Associated Press)—Students of his old alma mater showed their disgust at the course of Robert M. LaFollette in the United States senate by burning him in effigy on the college campus here last night.

LaFollette was a member of the class of 1879 in the University of Wisconsin and until recently has been held in admiration and esteem by its student body, which, year after year, as he grew politically great and from a state to a national figure, has regarded him as its hero.

Hundreds of students participated in the expression of disapproval last night. As darkness fell they proceeded to the campus and fell into line, making a long procession. In the center was a straw stuffed effigy, drawn by a rope and labeled with LaFollette's name. Round and round the campus the students marched, groaning and shouting while others kindled a great bonfire at the center. To this they dragged the effigy and with a great shout they hurled it into the center of the blaze.

Giving cheers for the University, for President Wilson and for the State of Wisconsin they then dispersed.

OFFICIAL COUNT OF DEAD IS ANNOUNCED

Total of Those Killed and Missing Placed At Twelve Hundred and Twenty-six

HALIFAX, December 13—(Associated Press)—Including those who are missing the list of those killed and lost in the disaster of last week was last night placed officially at 1226. Some of those injured are still in a precarious condition so that these figures may later be somewhat increased.

Advices were received here from London yesterday that parliament has appropriated a million pounds for the relief of the city and the suffering residents who have survived and have made it available to the relief committee at once, the cable message said. Other relief funds are reported and funds made available from various points in the United States and through the dominion.

It is estimated that between 250 and 500 persons were blinded by the explosion and more than 200 children are known to have been left orphans.

Suffering is somewhat relieved by an abatement of the storm and a rise in temperature.

The relief steamer Austin Calvin arrived in harbor yesterday.

WAR EXPORT BILL IS PASSED BY SENATE

WASHINGTON, December 13—(Associated Press)—Legalizing certain combinations of exporters which were prevented under the Sherman Anti-Trust Law, the War Export Bill passed the senate yesterday. It is designed to promote foreign commerce.

President Wilson in his recent message urged the enactment of this bill into a law. It had already passed the house at the last extraordinary session of congress but had failed to reach a vote in the senate before adjournment.

The bill passed yesterday differs in several respects from the original house bill and it will therefore have to go to a conference.

SNOW HEAPS UP HIGH IN SEVERAL STATES

WASHINGTON, December 12—(Associated Press)—Montana is swept by an extremely cold wave coupled with an unusually severe blizzard. The thermometer at Helena is 23 degrees below zero and the blizzard continues unabated.

The states of Virginia, Georgia, Tennessee and both Carolinas are experiencing an unusually heavy fall of snow.

AN IMPROVED QUININE DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEAD

Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will be found better than ordinary Quinine. Does not cause nervousness, nor ringing in the head. Remember, there is only one "Bromo Quinine." The signature of H. W. Green is on each bottle.

NAVY TO TAKE MANY VESSELS NOW OPERATED BY SHIP BOARD

Plan To Officer All Merchantmen From the Naval Reserve Abandoned As Presenting Too Many Practical Obstacles

ONLY THOSE ENGAGED IN ACTUAL WAR WORK

Troop Transports, Munition Ships, Hospital Ships and Supply Vessels Will At Once Go Over To Navy Department

WASHINGTON, December 13—(Associated Press)—Abandonment of the plan to place all merchantmen engaged in the Trans-Atlantic trade under the command of members of the naval reserve and to largely officer such craft from that body, has been, it was announced yesterday, abandoned by the shipping board. Too many practical obstacles have been found to the original plan.

With the present fleet of merchantmen engaged in Atlantic freight transportation and the great increases that will come as the ship building program goes forward it has been found impractical to undertake supplying both old and new with officers from the naval reserve, desirable as this would be in combating the German submarine campaign.

SERVICE ARRANGED

Under the revised plan officers from the reserve are to be in command of all troop ships first, all ships engaged in the transportation of war munitions and all that are engaged in carrying supplies to the armies at the front. Thus is separated the actual government war business from the business of carrying supplies to the allies and carrying on the ordinary commerce between the United States and its allies and with such neutral nations as may continue to receive important exports from the United States.

IMMEDIATE CHANGES

The new arrangement, while it will ultimately relieve the situation in some ways will produce problems that must meet solution as the merchant fleet grows. It means at the present time and in the early future the taking over from the shipping board and the operation under the navy department of many ships. All of those thus far commandeered are now in the service of the shipping board.

Wherever these are used for transport purposes, as munition or supply ships they are to be at once taken over by and operated under the department of the navy, commanded and largely officered from the naval reserve. This will cause numbers of changes in commands but where an officer is relieved from such service positions await him in the merchant marine that is not engaged directly in the conduct of the war.

Demand Increase

Demand for supply ships is steadily growing as the contingent of American soldiers on French soil grows. No indication of how many have already been transported is given by any of the governmental departments but it is clearly shown by the constantly and rapidly increasing freight of food and supplies that arrives at the Atlantic shipping points.

The problem of securing officers and crews for the actual merchant marine is receiving attention from government officials and the council of defense but has not yet been adequately solved.

RESTRICTIONS FEW ON ENEMY AUSTRIANS

WASHINGTON, December 12—(Associated Press)—The war proclamation specifies that only dangerous Austro-Hungarians shall be interned. Most of the restrictions upon Germans will not be applied to Austrians, and there are no present plans for general registration. The government does not plan to restrict their travel within the United States.